THE
Boston-
AND
COUNTRY
Gazette,
JOURNAL.

No. 813.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

MONDAY, November 5, 1770.

Since our last arrived here from LONDON, *the* Hannah, *Capt.* Jarvis, *and the* Lydia, *Capt.* Hood, *by whom we have the following Advices, viz.*

LONDON, August 22.

IT is asserted, that Sir William Draper, Knight of the Bath, will shortly be appointed Commander in Chief of the British Forces in North-America, in the room of General Gage.

Aug. 23. Yesterday at noon, his Majesty came from Richmond to St. James's, when there was a Levee, at which several of the Nobility, and most of the Foreign Ministers were present; his Majesty returned at three o'Clock to Richmond: Gen. Moncton, had a long conference with his Majesty, said to be on American affairs.

The betts at the west end of the town are three to one that Lord Camden will resume the Seals before the first day of next Term.

Last Thursday Mr. Alderman Wilkes dined with his daughter at the Fleur de Lis in Maidstone, where he was visited by several persons of distinction, the bells were set a ringing, and he very generously sent a guinea to the ringers. At Ashford his reception was different, no person, either of town or country, came near him; in a word, his reception was different in different places, being in some cold in others warm, and frequently in a manner between both.

A gentleman principally concerned filling up the upper part of the Canal and Rosamond's Pond, in St. James's Park, being the other day at a coffee-house in Pall-mall, was complaining for want of *rubbish*, Why then, says another gentleman, fill them up with some of the *present M——y*.

When the post left Naples it was reported, that the Russian Admiral had summoned the cities of Smyrna and Scandaroon to surrender to her Imperial Majesty, on pain of a bombardment.

The following contains a very particular Account of the sea fight which happened on the 5th of July between the Russians and Turks, and which has since been confirmed by the most authentic advices.

Extract of Letters from Malta, dated July 29.

"Two English ships were arrived at Malta, under the command of Capt. Bodie, in the Russian service, in 14 days from the channel of Scio; the said Capt. declared, that on the 5th of July the Russians having followed the Turkish fleet to the Channel of Scio, found them at the bottom of the Gulph Libuno, where it being resolved to attack them they formed the line; Count Alexis Orlow was in the center in the three Primates; Commodore Grieg, Admiral Spiridoff, Admiral Elphinstone, commanding on each side; Count Fidor Orlow was with Admiral Spiridoff, who quitted the line, and attacked the Capt. Bashaw's ship of 90 guns, and so near, that the Russian marines and soldiers tore the Turkish standard from the stern, and having thrown a quantity of grenades, and artificial fire into the Bashaw's ship, set her on fire, but her masts and yards grappling with, and falling on the Russian Admiral's, she also took fire, and was blown up half an hour afterwards, but the Admiral, his son, and Count Fidor Orlow, saved themselves, and twenty four officers were in time to get clear of her, and save themselves in the barge: The Turkish fleet consisted of fifteen large ships, two large carnvillas, & five xebecs, eight half gallies; the Russian fleet was composed of nine ships of the line, two frigates, and two packet boats. The said action was on the 5th, and on the 6th the Turks prepared for battle on shore, to save themselves, and the Russians prepared four ships to burn them; at about midnight the said four ships went down towards them, with four line of battle ships to defend them, but a bomb with artificial fire followed, Caraliddle set her on fire, which communicated and burnt all the others, except Zafier Beg's of 70 brass guns, & five half gallies, and a number of small vessels, which were all taken the next day by the Russians; most of the Turks saved themselves on shore, but the Russians have recovered and taken 400 Christian slaves. Admiral Elphinstone sailed immediately with his squadron for the island of Tenedos to block up the Dardanelles.

Trieste, Aug. 13. The Russian and Turkish Squadrons, after the two combats, which they fought, the one near Napoli di Romania, and the other in the seas of Andros and Tenedos, retired, in order to repair their damages; the first to Sidra or Andros, and the latter to Samos. We have since learned by several letters, that the Turks returned to Napoli di Romania, where the Russian squadron had followed them, and debarked their troops near Muchli, and erected some batteries, the fire from which sunk two Ottoman vessels; that the other Turkish ships had been all destroyed, except two Galliots; that the Russians had taken two ships laden with ammunition from Constantinople; that the batteries continued to fire on the place, and had destroyed the walls of Fort Palameda, and it was believed the town would soon surrender.

They write from Constantinople, that the Grand Signior has sent positive orders to the Turkish Admiral to fight his ships to the bottom, rather than strike to the Russians in any future naval engagement.

Copy of the Letter dispatched from General Count Romanzow to the Empress of Russia, by Brigadier Oscroff, confirming the Account of the Defeat of the Turkish Army on Aug. 2, *O. S.*

"IN the pursuit of the enemy, after the battle at the river Larga, I was apprized that they had been joined by another very numerous body, commanded by the Grand Vizir in person, who had passed the Danube. About eight o'clock in the evening they fixed their camp, at a mile's distance from us. At first all the Tartars posted themselves over against our left wing, but soon after they extended themselves to our rear. Though I had but just before detached a considerable body of our troops, to escort a convoy of provisions coming from Falici, and who were then engaged with the enemy, who had fallen upon the rear of the convoy, I nevertheless determined to prevent their design by attacking their camp, considering more the valour of your Majesty's troops, than the inequality of numbers. At five o'clock the next morning I was astonished to find that they had fortified their camp during the night with no less than three entrenchments, stronger than those from whence the Chan had been forced out. Never have your Majesty's troops fought a battle which was more obstinately disputed than this. They forced their way to the camp through a numerous body of the enemy, among whom were the bravest of the Janissaries, who received and surrounded us at about a quarter of a mile from their intrenchments. The fire from their batteries and small arms continued five hours without intermission; however, at nine, by the help of our artillery, but more especially by the united force of our bayonets, we broke thro' the first entrenchment. I did not perceive that the enemy shewed any want of bravery in their defence, till they saw their infantry briskly repulsed by our brave troops in every sally. Imploring on this occasion the assistance of the Almighty, I again charged with all our forces, and at length made way to their last intrenchment, which they were unable to defend any longer. The Grand Vizir then, with all his troops, among whom was the Polish rebel Pototski, fled with the utmost precipitation towards the Danube, about twenty miles from the field of battle. Their whole camp, with all their tents, equipages innumerable, and artillery, consisting of 143 pieces of brass cannon, together with all their ammunition, & above 7000 carriages loaded with provisions, fell into our hands. To conclude, I intreat your Majesty to permit me to compare the conduct of your troops in this action to the behaviour of the ancient Romans; for, like them, your Majesty's troops do not enquire how strong the enemy is, but only where they may be found.

"Brigadier Oscroff, whom I have dispatched with the news of this important event, is the person, who, in my sight, at the head of his regiment of grenadiers, repulsed the last and most furious effort of the Janissaries, & pursued them with equal intrepidity and speed, which first opened our way to victory; therefore I thought myself bound by duty and justice to prefer him to the honour of waiting upon your Majesty with the earliest intelligence of it."

LONDON, August 27.

The Dorchester man of war, lately sailed from Spithead, was compleatly manned with the choicest old sailors, who had served in the late war, that could be procured out of all the guardships at Portsmouth. She has likewise twenty picked stout marines over and above her usual complement. Her distination no person even pretends to know; the prevailing opinion last Friday among the old sea officers at Portsmouth was, that she is gone to America.

Aug. 28. It is said that his Excellency Sir Francis Bernard, Bart. Governor of Massachusets Bay, will shortly return to his said government on board a very respectable fleet, with full powers, &c.

It is said to be now under consideration to block up all the ports belonging to the colony of Massachusetts Bay, and not to suffer the inhabitants to fish upon the banks, or any part of the American coast, for one year, and to cause all the ports of the other colonies to be shut against them; at the same time to allow the privileges, deny'd to them, to New-York, and all the other colonies that shall imitate its late example.

It is amazing how little regard is paid by administration to the wounds that have been made by government in America, and how little they seem disposed to apply even palliatives, if not a cure; when it is very well known they are now about sending a governor to one of the colonies,—whose disposition, instead of being of the conciliating kind, and with whom it is but a word and a blow, cannot fail of widening the breach between our fellow-subjects there, instead of adjusting their unhappy differences.

August 31. *Twelve ships of the line, two of* 60, *three of* 40, *four of* 36, *and three of* 20 *guns, will shortly sail for the coast of North-America, where they are to be stationed for three years.*

It is said Sir Francis Bernard has been promised the first vacancy in a very lucrative sinecure in Ireland, said to be worth two thousand pounds per annum.

A regiment of troops is now filling up and completing in the provinces of Ulster, in the North of Ireland, in order to be sent off for America with the greatest expedition.

Two noble Lords, we hear, have taken up the cause of the Americans, and from the present face of affairs seem very confident of success.

The conduct of the ministry in respect to America, we hear, is finally adjusted, and will be the first object of the ensuing sessions; but whether lenitive or coercive, has not as yet transpired.

Letters from Venice say, that 25 *sail of Russian men of war were to proceed immediately to bombard the Dardanells, and the other Turkish fortresses which guard the entrance of the Propontis and Helespont.*

The French and Spanish fleets now in the Mediterranean amount together, to above twenty-five sail of the line, besides frigates and armed tenders.

LONDON,

Sept. 1. It is now confidently said to be positively Resolved on by the M——y, to procure an act next sessions to exempt the colony of New-York from paying any duty on the teas they shall import; which act is to extend to such other colonies, as shall from time to time shew the same dutiful and conciliating spirit with that of New-York, in order to convince them, that it is not by bullying and undutily refusing to submit to the mother-country, that they can hope to obtain redress.

Sept. 3. At the rising up of the council, on Saturday, at St. James's, it was reported, that war against France would very soon be proclaimed. This seems to account for the naval preparations now carrying on, with great forwardness.

The ministry have not now the least doubt but that all the American Colonies will soon follow the example of that of New-York, as they think their self-love and avarice will not let them suffer New-York to engross exclusively all the advantages of trade with the mother country.

There is no doubt but the colony of New-York would be very glad that all the other colonies would continue to abide by their non-importation agreement, as the New-York merchants must speedily acquire enormous fortunes, by having as it were an exclusive power of supplying the whole continent of North-America, with the manufactures of Britain.

Notwithstanding the resolution of the colony of New-York, not to import tea, till the tax on it is taken off,—we are assured that large quantities have been and are daily shipping off for the same, whence there is no doubt, but it will be as it were smuggled to all the other colonies.

We are assured that one house in the city has lately received orders from New-York, for upwards of 50000l. worth of goods.

Sept. 4. It is said, that at a late meeting of the American Merchants, it was agreed to give unlimited credit to such of the Colonies as should follow the example of New-York, by a general importation.

We hear the Parliament will certainly meet the 9th of November next.

A certain Noble Lord, of the Opposition, was in close conference with Lord R——t upwards of an hour, on Sunday evening last.

Sept. 5. A correspondent has sent us the following paragraph: Yesterday Lord Chatham had a long conference with his Majesty at Richmond, where he is expected to pay another visit before the end of the week.

It is said that a fresh plan of accommodation has lately been laid before a Great Personage (by a noble Earl) for his approbation.

Two noble Lords in the opposition have given their final answer to certain proposals that were made to them by the M——y, "That they will accept of no terms in which their friends are not inclosed."

Something uncommon is expected to transpire in a few days, from the many conferences held between the heads of the Opposition, and even between them and the Ministry.

According to a system of politics handed about at the west-end of the town, a certain nobleman, who presides in the American department, is to be removed, and succeeded by a Great Officer in Ireland; but who is to supply the place of the latter Personage is not yet known, though many of distinguished abilities are in nomination.

A ministerial writer, who embarked lately for a certain island, it is said, has sent over some advices from thence of the greatest utility to government.

It is a cant phrase at Court, when any thing is put under the cushion, and not designed to be taken any notice of, that "*such a thing is in hell.*"—According to that rule, from the inattention that has been shewn to their repeated petitions, a great many of his Majesty's subjects are there at present.

The city of Embden (once an hanse town) is now garrisoned by 4000 Prussian troops; and his Majesty has built barracks for as many more.

It is whispered that three crown officers in a Southern American colony are ordered to be recalled.

The French East-India company are at present at the lowest ebb possible; and it is universally thought at Paris, that the present confusion of the King's affairs and finances will not permit him to be of any service to them.

M——y. ? in dissolving their agreement, vid. page 174. V vid duty Act, pa. 735. Vol. 1. ¶ Turn to Index Vol. 2. to Find agreement. & To Find petitions, turn to Index, Vol. 2. & this.

Messrs PRINTERS,

PERHAPS there is not one of your readers but must see the propriety and *importance* of your inserting in your paper the following Extract at this juncture. It is from an excellent pamphlet published this year in London, entitled, *Observations upon the Report made by the Board of Trade against the Grenada Laws*; in consequence of which their general assembly was prorogued from time to time, till a new set of *instructions* arriv'd, with a *law* (in the *form of a proclamation*) for regulating Elections, fixing the number of assemblymen, and ascertaining the qualifications of the candidates and voters, under which (the respective assemblys being then dissolv'd) new writs were issued for calling new assemblies. I heartily wish I could see the pamphlet re-publish'd here, for it is certainly, in my opinion, well worth the reading and *attention* of every British subject, and especially *an American*. For some time past I have thought it the *settled plan* of the ministry, totally to *rescind* the civil constitutions of the colonies by mere force of *Instructions*, not improperly called *ministerial* mandates. This province may possibly have had larger strides made upon its constitution than any other colony; of which the change of the establish'd seat of government, the removal of the provincial garrison of Castle William, &c. are instances, which will mark *the present administration of government*. We have had a military force, and we now have a naval armament to bring us into subjection: neither of these, I hope, will have the intended effect. But when governors of the colonies, shall become as servile and submissive as the lowest court parasites: When they shall pay such a *reverance* to orders from a minister of state, as to efface the very letter of a charter, the more easily to give them a sanction, *and the people shall be unobservant of them*, I shall then dread the consequences—The Liberties of America will be at an End!

Your's, CONSTITUTIONALIS.

EXTRACT, &c.

"WHAT can be more concordant with the *oppressive* plan, which the ministers of state have for some time past adopted for their conduct towards his Majesty's subjects in the colonies, than reserving to themselves, *under pretence of preserving the rights of the crown*, the most *absolute* power that has ever been assumed by the most *despotick* monarch over a people? What can more effectually tend to this *despotism* than an *insinuation*, that the constitution of a colony, and every establishment upon it, depend upon the *commission and instruction* given in his Majesty's name to the governor, and the bare interfering in matters contrary to the tenor of either, is *declared a sufficient cause to reject a law*, without *any other* consideration. This principle is not only *insinuated* by the several parts of their Lordship's report, but it seems totally to *influence* the whole of it; and was plainly design'd as a preparation for that fatal blow then meditating, and since given to the constitution, by the admission of French roman catholicks into the council, the assembly, and upon the bench, & naming them in the commission of the peace, under no other authority than INSTRUCTIONS given *in his Majesty's name* to the governor. If after a publick and solemn establishment of the constitution by his Majesty in a new colony, with a view of engaging his *natural born* subjects to undertake and forward the settlement of it, *the end being accomplish'd*, a minister of state regardless of the royal word, and in violation of the most sacred engagement that can subsist on earth, viz. *between a prince and his subjects*, against *the principles of the constitution*, without *even the pretence of necessity*, DARES, *in his sovereign's name*, to pursue a plan *in direct breach* of that covenant, Where is the man *in the colonies* that can be for an hour secure in his property, his life or liberty? For a bare *order* shall controvert those principles, and that tie on which the safety of the whole depends. Where is the law of England, or where is the custom or usage of an English colony that warrants such a proceeding?——If there are to be no *confines* set to the *power of the crown*, no *laws* to *ascertain* or *compact* to *restrain* it, the government *must* be absolute and *may* be tyrannic. If there is a law which allows of this step, it might be some consolation to his Majesty's subjects *in the colonies* to have it pointed out to them, that they may be assured they are slaves *constitutionally*——The power that *eludes* the law in one instance, may act *independent* of it in another; in every other——What then is their constitution, and how many of the immunities of British subjects (in America) which were confirm'd to them by his Majesty's proclamation or *compact* have they now left? The publick may judge." vid pa 367—pa. 21. Vol. 4

To the PRINTERS,

I *Have lived upwards of twenty years in North-America, and 'till very lately, it was well known to be almost impossible for any people to have an higher regard and affection, than these had for their mother-country, and for every thing that concerned her welfare. Every victory, every happy circumstance that attended Britain was equally agreable and rejoiced at in America: Every loss, every melancholy event that befel the mother-country was sincerely felt and sympathized, by all orders of people in the colonies. But alas! how alter'd is the case now, verily alter'd beyond what I ever thought I should live to see! A series of measures equally injurious and unwise towards them, has totally destroyed all affection as well as confidence: I was particularly struck with the melancholy truth of this, when we first had an account of the fire at Portsmouth, which was receiv'd with as much indifference and unconcern, as if it had happen'd at Brest or Rochfort.*

I travelled about that time from Philadelphia to Piscataqua in New-Hampshire Government, and the same Indifference; nay I may say disgust and hatred prevails thro' the whole Country. Unhappy Britain, and unhappy Colonies! What hast thou got Britain, or what art thou likely to get, by driving this once affectionate, and still loyal people, to downright hatred and despair?

(2)

Tho' their agreement of Non importation is in some of the Colonies dissolved, yet they certainly have virtue enough all to refrain from importing articles that are, or shall be tax'd, therefore no revenue can arise; and the time may come when their love and friendship may be essentially necessary to thy welfare. Consider they are already numerous, and from their natural circumstances (if it should please God not to frown upon them in a singular manner) must soon be a great people; consider at the same time thine own age and infirmities, and what has brought about all this distrust and hatred; and then think whether thou wilt not hereafter have reason to cry out, "We have left undone those things which we ought to have done, and we have done those things which we ought not to have done" in regard to our Colonies, and they are altogether become astrainged from us.

We have totally disregarded the fair and honest representations of the faithful and disinterested *part of that People, and we have given full credit to private and false depositions! and to the misrepresentations of* self-interested *and designing men; Men who in expectation of honors, places and pensions, have most barbarously injured the characters of our faithful fellow-subjects in that country, and by which we have been thus fatally deceived.*

These, Messrs. Printers, are the sentiments of one, who, was bred and born in Old England, who loves that Island, means soon to return and end his days there, and is a freeholder of

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.

Boston, 14th October, 1770.

PHILADELPHIA October 25.

Captain Leech from Lisbon has favoured us with the following Remarks from his Journal, viz. Sept. 15, at Noon. in Lat. 32: 24, Long. 34: 30, in observing saw a Planet in the Sun, on the S. E. Quarter, which remained plain to be seen till the 22d, being then in Lat. 27: 19, Long 36: 45, Sept. 18, in Lat. 15: 11, Long 34: 22, about an Hour after Sunset, observed a prodigious Redness in the Element to the Westward, much like the Reflection of a large Fire, which looked very dismal till Midnight. And on the 12th October, in Lat. 33: 13, together, tho' one much larger than the other; they were so plain to be seen, that he frequently saw them with his naked Eye, about an Hour after Sunrise, and an Hour before Sunset; at which Time, they partly took the Reflection of the Sun, which appeared as dull as the Moon, and remained so till the 17th, in the Morning, being then in Sight of Cape Henlopen.

A Gentleman in Maryland writes his Friend in this city, "that he was just inform'd from Williamsburgh, in Virginia, that Lord Boutetourt, Governor of that Province, died after a few days illness."

NEW-YORK, October 29.

On Monday last sailed for London, the Ship New-York, Capt. Haight, with whom went Passengers, Lieut. Col Leslie, of his Majesty's 64th Regiment, Major Pullaine of the 16th, &c.

On Tuesday sailed for London also, the Ship York, Capt. Berton, with whom went Passengers, Ensign Mall of the 29th Regiment, with another Gentleman and Lady.

On Wednesday sailed for London likewise, the Ship Dutchess of Gordon, Capt. Winn, with whom went Passengers, Sir William Draper, his Lady and Family, Capt. Collins and his Lady: Mr Lindley Murray, and Mr. John Doty, the latter of whom goes for Episcopal Ordination.

Friday last the Grosvenor Mast Ship, Capt. Brown, arrived here from Falmouth, in 8 Weeks; but her Cargo not being yet ready, she is to proceed to Portsmouth, in New-Hampshire.

NEWPORT, October 29.

The Sentence of Cropping, Branding and Whipping, passed on the Persons mentioned in our last, was put in Execution last Friday, at little-Rest, amidst near 3000 People.

From Swanzey we hear, that a dwelling-House in that Town was consumed by Fire a few Days past, and that several Persons having been taken into Custody, and recognized to appear at the next Superior Court, in the County of Bristol, upon Suspicion of having purposely set Fire to said Building.

We just hear the Sloop Virgin, Capt. Cozzens, from Dominica, bound for Old-York, is cast away on Block-Island: Part of the Cargo is saved.

PORTSMOUTH, November 2.

We hear from the Isle of Shoals, that considerable Damage was sustained there in the late storm, on the 20th of November, in particular, a Schooner belonging to Kittery fishing on the Shoals, was stove to Pieces on the Rocks near Thatcher's Island, the Skipper, one Benjamin Parsons, and one of the Men drowned. Another Schooner was stove to Pieces on the Eastern Point of Duck Island, the Skipper drowned, the rest got a Shore, with their Arms, Legs, &c. much bruised——Several Vessels which were riding at Anchor in the Shoals Road, sunk to the Bottom at their Moorings. Three or Four small Schooners are yet missing, and 'tis feared are lost.

Four Men belonging to Rye, who were out in the Storm in a small Boat, have not yet been heard of, and are undoubtedly lost:—their Names were all Saunders.

Taken up last Thursday Evening upon Roxbury Plain, a Wooden Box, containg sundry Articles. The Owner describing the Goods, may have them again, paying Cost. Inquire of Edes & Gill.

BOSTON, November 5.

Capt. Shand sailed for Providence a Fortnight before Capt. Jarvis, filled with English Goods: Capt. Hathaway was loading for Rhode Island. Capt. Langdon in a Ship, was to sail for this Place in 10 Days: Capt. Hall and Capt. Sheppardson in three Weeks.

Capt. Burrell and Capt. Delano, were to sail directly after Capt. Hood for Nantucket.

Four or five Vessels were loaded and sailed for New-York, full of Goods, in Consequence of Orders received upon the breaking up of the Agreement of Non-Importation. Capt. Jenkins in a Brig, intended for this Place, was taken up, to carry Goods to New-York. It is tho't if the Demand in England for Woolen Goods is much larger that they will rise greatly.

We hear the Hon. Brigadier Ruggles's Commission, appointing him Surveyor of the Woods in this Province and Nova-Scotia, came in Capt. Hood.

In Capt. Jarvis came Passengers the Rev. Mr. Daniel Fogg, who went from hence sometime since for Episcopal Ordination, Mr. Russel of Dartmouth, and two or three Masters of Vessels.

Tuesday Evening last, Doctor THOMAS LEONARD was married to Miss THANKFUL HUBBARD, Daughter to the Hon. THOMAS HUBBARD, Esq; an agreeable young Lady.

Last Thursday Evening was married here Mr. ANDREW BOARDMAN of Cambridge, to Miss MARY TOWNSEND, only Daughter of WILLIAM BLAIR TOWNSEND, Esq; an agreeable young Lady.

On Saturday Be'nnight departed this Life, Mrs. SUSANNA RUGGLES, Consort to GEORGE RUGGLES, Esq; of Cambridge, in the 46th Year of her Age, after a lingering Indisposition.

Died, Mr. Gideon Sharp, of this Town, in the 93d Year of his Age.—Miss Sarah Hill, Daughter to Colonel Hill, of this Town.—Mr. John Loring, Son of the late Mr. Nathaniel Loring.

In our last we mentioned that at the Superior Court held here, on Wednesday began the Trial of Capt. Thomas Preston, of the 29th Regiment, who was indicted by the Grand-Jury in several Indictments for the Murder of Mr. Gray, Maverick, and others on the 5th of March last: The Examination of Evidences and the Pleas, were continued from Wednesday, each Day, (Lord's Day excepted) until Monday; when the Judges summed up the Evidences, and gave the Charges to the Jury. The Jury went out about five o'Clock, and it is said agreed by eight:——The Court was adjourned till the next Morning at 8 o'Clock, at which Time they brought in their Verdict, "NOT GUILTY;" and Capt. Preston was dismissed.

Yesterday Morning died at Roxbury, Mrs. ABIGAIL ADAMS, Consort of the Rev. Mr. ADAMS, Pastor of the First Church in that Town, Æt. 34. Her Funeral is to be attended To-Morrow, at 3 o'Clock, P. M.

Thursday the Sixth Day of December next is appointed by Authority to be observed as a Day of publick THANKSGIVING throughout this Province.

Extract of a Letter from London, *dated Sept.* 6, 1770.

"Mr. Hutchinson is Governor,—The Province I am sure ought to be very thankful for the having one born among themselves for their Governor—one who so well knows their Constitution, and who has all his Life-time shewn himself a Friend to it. This Government could have done nothing that ought to be more acceptable to the Colony, or that will put them more evidently in the wrong, if they do not agree with him. After that, it will be manifest that their Quarrel is not against any particular Person, but against the having any Governor at all."

TO BE SOLD BY

GILBERT DEBLOIS,

At his Shop oppoſite the Bottom School-Street, at the loweſt Rates for ready Money, WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Plain and ſtrip'd Duffils, Whitneys, Kerſeys, Baize, Flannels, Table and Ironing Cloths, 6-4 to 11-4 fine Roſe Blankets, a fine aſſortment Broad Cloths, German Serges, Cotton Velvets, plain and figur'd Everlaſtings of all colours and prices, (low priz'd ſcarlet Cloth for Women's Cloaks,) London Shalloons of all colours, Buckrams, Twiſt, Silver and Gold Baſket Buttons, with a great variety of neweſt Patterns, white and yellow Metal ditto, Oznabrigs, Raven's Duck, Dowlas, Sheeting, Iriſh Linnens, Huckaback, Table Cloths, Ruſſia Ducapes, Manchester Checks, plain and flower'd Gauzes, Lawns, Cambricks, Black and Cloth colour'd Callimancoes, Tammies, ſtrip'd, plain and croſs barr'd Cambleteens, with a large aſſortment new faſhion Stuffs, ſuitable for the Seaſon, plain and figur'd Dimothy, Men's, Womens and Children's Hoſe, Shoes, &c. Worſted and Silk Breeches Patterns, Womens Black Silk Velvets, a genteel aſſortment neweſt faſhion Ribbons, Necklaces, Stone Shoe Buckles, Earings, Head Pins, &c. Women's ſilk, worſted and leather Gloves and Mitts, Men's ſilk and leather Gloves, a large aſſortment of Engliſh and India Damaſks, Luteſtrings, Mantua Silks, &c. Women's Hatts and Bonnets, Black and colour'd Pelong Sattins and figur'd Modes with ſnail Trimming, ſewing Silks, Threads, Worſted Crewels, Tapes, Quality Binding, &c. Raw Braſs Kettles by the Caſk, Lead, Shott, Powder, Steel, Pewter, Paper, Paſteboard, chip Hatts, Holland Scates, Dutch Looking-Glaſſes, ſetts Bruſhes, with all other ſorts, Drums, Fifes, Violins, Strings, Bows, &c.

TO BE SOLD

By Benjamin Church,

On THURSDAY next.

At his uſual Place of Sale;

BRoad Cloths coarſe and fine, Kerſeys, Plains, Shalloons, Plains, Iriſh Hollands, Checks, Ozenbrigs, Gauze, Cambricks, Lawns, Pluſhes, Mens and Women Hoſe, Handkerchiefs, &c. &c. A beautiful Sett of Mehogany Chairs Leather Bottoms, a large Looking-Glaſs—Silver hilted Sword—warranted Watches—Houſe Furniture, Wearing Apparel, &c. &c.

vid pa. 246. (2) To Find agreement turn to Index Vol. 2 (3) vid Index under merchants. (4) vid Teack pa. 735. Vol. 1. (5) vid pa. 174. 2. vid pa. 295. 0. vid Vin. Index on this Trial pa. 325 &c

‖ The reason of his being cleared was, because it was not fully proved to the Jury that he gave orders to Fire. & vid arrival of Troops &c See Page 60. & vid messages of y^e House, Index — vid page, 242. pa. 263. Vol. 2. — pa. 289. & vid Our Charter pa. 1077. Vol. 2.

LONDON,

August. 24. The post of Adjutant General in a neighboring kingdom, which has lately been given to Colonel Lutterell, we are well informed is worth at least 2,500l. per ann. The late Lord Ch——t farmed it at 2,000 l.

Friday last, Edmund Burke, Esq; Member for Wendover, arrived at his house in Fludger-street, Westminster, from Ireland, where he has been for these two months past.

By the arrival of a certain Gentleman from Ireland, and the appearance of Junius's letter on Wednesday, relative to Col. Lutterell, many think the grand mystery at length unravelled who is the real Junius.

We learn from very good authority, that a great person has lately expressed desire of having the unhappy differences between Great Britain and America, terminated in a manner equally satisfactory to both parties, and with all the expedition the nature of the business will allow.

BOSTON, November 5.

We are informed that about ten Days ago the House of Representatives sent up to the Council Board the following Vote, which was there concur'd; and on Thursday last the Committee of both Houses waited on his Honor the Lieutenant Governor with the same.

WHEREAS the present Time of public Distress and Danger renders it highly reasonable that a Day be set apart for solemn Prayer to Almighty GOD, on which this People may humbly implore the Forgiveness of their Sins and the Blessing of GOD on the British Nation and its Dependencies, and on this Province in particular:

AND whereas this, in common with the other American Colonies, labours under many great and insupportable Grievances, and there are others which we have Reason to fear, unless the Providence of GOD should graciously prevent their taking Place:

RESOLVED, That Mr. *Hancock*, Mr. *Phillips*, and Mr. *Hobson*, with such as the Honorable Board may join, be a Committee to wait upon his Honor the Lieutenant Governor, and desire him to appoint a Day of solemn Humiliation and Prayer to be observed throughout this Province.

In COUNCIL, Read and Concur'd. And *Samuel Dexter* and *Walter Spooner*, Esqrs; are joined in the Affair.

To which his Honor returned the following Message in Answer.

Gentlemen of the Council, and of the House of Representatives,

I HAVE, with the Advice of Council, appointed a Day for Religious Worship, and I have recommended to Ministers and People to pray to GOD for his Blessing upon our public Affairs. If we are sincere in our Devotions, we may humbly hope for an Answer of Peace from a Being of infinite Perfections, who knows the true Cause of our Calamities better than we do ourselves.——

I cannot approve of a Proclamation founded upon the Reasons which you have expressed, and I know of no good Purpose which will not be fully answered by the Proclamation which I have already issued. You did not know what I had issued it when you passed your Vote, otherwise, I flatter myself you would not have desired me to issue any other.

Cambridge, Nov. 1, 1770. T. Hutchinson.

On Friday last his Honor the Lieutenant Governor was pleased to send the following Message to both Houses.

Gentlemen of the Council, and House of Representatives, ante pa. 301.

IT appears to me necessary that I should inform you that his Majesty's fifth Instruction to the Governor requires him to observe that in the passing of all Laws, the stile of enacting the same be by the Governor, Council and House of Representatives, and no other. This Stile has been conformed to, except perhaps in a particular Instance or two, for near thirty Years without the least Inconvenience.

It may save you some Time and prevent Increase of public Charges, to let you know that I cannot upon any Terms depart from this Instruction. If I could be made sensible that it was the least Damage to the Province, I would humbly represent it to his Majesty.

Milton, Nov. 2, 1770. T. Hutchinson.

When this Message was read in the House of Representatives, Mr. Leonard, Mr. John Adams, Mr. Samuel Adams, Major Hawley and Mr. Ingersol, were appointed a Committee to consider the same, and prepare an Answer—which is not yet reported. Vid pa. 301

WANTED,

TO embark for London about the beginning of next Month, a Person well qualified to give Evidence against the Colonies at the next Sitting of Parliament. He must be a Person of bold Front, that can tell a STORY with a good Grace. He must also be a Man of great Duplicity, and a perfect Master of Dissimulation, thoroughly versed in the various Methods of Bribery, and procuring Depositions; if he understands cooking them up artfully it will answer the better: He may be occasionally assisted by an Informer, and short-hand Writer, if necessary: If he should be ignorant of the Rules of Grammar no Fault will be found, as VERITAS, a Writer of *great Note*, will undertake to instruct him gratis. Any Person inclining to engage in this Undertaking, will meet with suitable Encouragement if they apply speedily to Lord H——, Sir F. B——, the C——s of his M——y's C——s in America, at their Seat at C—e W——m, or to James Blunderbuss, Esq; at the Sign of the Riot-Act.

A Philadelphia STOVE, to be

Sold. Inquire of Edes & Gill.

To be sold on Board a Schooner

lying at Mr. *David Spear*'s Wharfe,—Limes, Lemons and Oranges, by the Barrel or Hundred, very cheap.—Likewise, Cotton Wool, Redwood, Mohogany Plank and Boards, Lignum Vitæ, Box Wood, &c. &c.

Country Traders, Shopkeepers in

Town and others, are invited to the Auction-Room in *Queen-Street*, on

Wednesday & Thursday next,

the 7th and 8th of *November* Instant,

At TEN o'Clock in the Morning, and at THREE in the Afternoon of each Day.

At which Time and Place will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, a large and valuable Assortment of English Goods, belonging to the Estate of a Gentleman lately deceas'd, among which the following are a Part, *viz.*

BLUE and cloth-coloured Broad-Cloths, Ratteens, Coatings, Cotton Velvets, Velveretts, Velvet Shapes, Thicksetts, Hair Plush, a very fine Assortment of double gilt white and yellow Coat and Breast Buttons, a great variety of plain and figur'd Stuffs, Capuchin Silks, Cotton Gowns, brown and yellow Hollands, Womens Silk and Russel Shoes, Scarf Twist, fine Sheeting Hollands, a variety of Ribbons, Necklaces, a great Assortment of Callicoes, Allopeens, Silveretts, Shoe and Knee Buckles, Needles, Silk Laces, a parcel of beautiful figur'd Lawns and Lawn Handkerchiefs, Muslins, an Assortment of Gown Triming, a great Variety of Mens and Womens worsted Hose, worsted Caps, black and white Bone Lace, stript and plain Lutestrings, green Padusoy, Womens Velvet, Hatband Crapes, a Parcel of Mens and Womens white and black Kid and Lamb Gloves and Mitts, &c.

Also, a genteel New Chaise and Harness, compleat.

J. Russell, Auctioneer.

——Wednesday and Thursday next.——

On *Thursday* next, 8th Instant,

At ONE o'Clock,

Will [*positively*] be Sold at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Auction-Room in Queen-Street.

Five Acres of Pine Wood Land in *Chelsea*, and a half Pew in *Chelsea* Meeting-House; also three Lots of unimproved Land in *Belcher*-Town in the County of *Hampshire*, viz. Lot No. 1. in the general Plan of said Town, containing 194 Acres, three Quarters and 10 Rods. Lot No. 1. in the Original Plan, near the North-East Part of said Town, containing 347 Acres, three Quarters and 4 Perch. And Lot No. 1. in the Original Plan, in the South-Part of said Town, containing 207 Acres, three Quarters and 38 Perch.——All which Lands are a Part of the Real Estate of *Joseph Dudley*, late of *Boston*, Esq; deceased.

Boston, Nov. 5. J. Russell, Auctioneer.

On *Thursday* 15th *November*,

At TEN o'Clock in the Morning,

Will be Sold by Public Vendue at the Dwelling House of Capt. *Benjamin Torrey*, in Queen-Street.

A variety of House Furniture, among which are,—A very elegant Desk of Mahogany, Looking Glasses, Mahogany Chest on Chest Draws, Mahogony four Post Bedsteads & Suit Curtains, Mahogany Tables, Leather bottom Chairs, a handsome Turkey Carpet, a Compleat sett of China, Pictures, &c. &c. some Kitchen Furniture, &c.

J. Russell, Auctioneer.

*** The Goods may be viewed any Time before the Sale.

To be Sold at PUBLIC VENDUE,

on the 10th Day of this Instant, if not sold before at private Sale.

A good Dwelling-House & Land

in Love-Street, near Dr. Elliot's Meeting-House, three Rooms on a Floor, with a good Well of Water, Rain Water Cistern, and a paved Yard; also a Tennement adjoining, with two Rooms on a Floor. The Sale to be at said House, at Twelve o'Clock precisely.

The old Slitting Mills at Milton

is now in good Repair: At which Place good NAIL RODS may be had at 30s. per Hundred: Likewise at Mr. Andrew Black's Store at the Town-Dock in Boston.

N.B. Cash given for good Iron at said Slitting Mills.

TAKEN from along-side the Sloop Two Sisters, William Clift, Master, on Thursday Night last, an old Moses Boat about 16 Feet long, Part of her Bottom Pitch Pine, her Keel very much Worm-eaten, her lower Rudder-Iron bent out, her Stern-sheets tore to Pieces, that Part which is usually sat on partly Pine, on the Top of her Gunwale about the Fore-thwart a Piece of Oak lately put on, and not painted. Whoever shall take up said Boat, and bring her to said Clift, or to Mr. Isaac Vibird at New-Boston, shall have Two Dollars Reward.

A Reward of TWO DOLLARS

is offered by the Subscriber to any Person who will give him Information of a small Moses Boat about 12 Feet in Length, which was taken last Friday Night from a Sloop lying at the South Side of the Long Wharf, and bring her to Mr. Benjamin Phillips, at Oliver's Dock.

Boston, Nov. 5, 1770. ENOCH TUPPER.

On TUESDAY Evening next,

Will be sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Auction-Room, Foot of Royal-Exchange Lane, over Mr. THOMAS WALLEY's Store.

A Variety of English Goods as usual.——Also Blankets, Feather Beds, Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, Silver Watches, Wearing Apparel, &c. &c. William Hunter, Auctioneer.

Tuesday Evening next, at half after Five precisely.

TO BE SOLD BY

JOSEPH HALL,

In Cole-Lane, opposite Mr. *Wyeth*'s Distill-House,

By Wholesale or Retail,

New-England and West-India RUM, old Jamaica Spirits, Brandy, Cinnamon, Cloves, Anniseed and Snake-Root Waters, Lemons by the Box or Hundred, & all Kinds of Groceries at the low'st Rates.

Choice Barbadoes Rum,

Russia & Ravens Duck	POWDER & Shot
English Duck of all No.	Barr Lead
Cordage, Lines & Twine	Red and blue Duffills
Ticklingburgs & Oznabrigs	Copperas, Allum, Brimstone
Wool & Cotton Cards	Redwood—Sieve Bottoms
A few Casks of excellent Teneriff Wine	ALSO, *New England* RUM, and SUGARS, by Hh. or Barrel.
Homespun Cloths	

WITH

Sundry other Articles, will be Sold at the lowest Cash Price,

By Samuel Allyne Otis,

At Store No. 5, just below the Swing-Bridge.

Really imported from *Ireland*, by

Samuel Eliot,

A fine Assortment of

3-qrs, 7-8ths, and yard-wide Irish Linnen, and 6-qrs, 8 qrs, and 10-qrs. Irish Diaper.

Which will be sold at the cheapest Rates by the Piece or Yard, at his Shop near the Head of Dock-Square, just above the Market.

TO BE SOLD,

By John Marston,

At the Golden Ball,

A few Casks of Lisbon Wine and Oil, by the Quarter Cask, good West-India Rum by the Hogshead, and old Jamaica Spirit and Nantz Brandy by the Gallon or larger Quantity,

Likewise to be Lett, two convenient Tenements for small Families.——Enquire at the Golden Ball.

To be sold by JOHN CROSBY, at the Sign of the Basket of Lemmons, South-End.

The Right Sort of Lisbon Lemmons,

and as cheap by the Dozen as the Quantity, be it ever so large, extraordinary good, and very fresh Orange Juice, that is rich, soft and pleasant in Punch, at One Dollar per Gallon, choice China Oranges very sweet, also Civil Oranges, and excessive sour Oranges, excellent Souring for Punch, all very fresh and alive.

Nov. 3d, 1770.

THE Estate of *Benjamin Parker*, late of Boston, Merchant, deceased, being represented Insolvent, & six Months being allowed the Creditors to bring in their Claims and prove their Debts: the Commissioners appointed by the honorable Foster Hutchinson, Esq; Judge of Probate for the County of Suffolk, to receive and examine said Claims—GIVE NOTICE, That they shall attend said Service at the British Coffee-House in Boston, on the Third Tuesday in this and the five following Months, from Six to Nine o'Clock, P. M.

Boston, November 5, 1770.

Stray'd or stolen from a Pasture

at Little-Cambridge, a light red Roan Mare, about 14 Hands high, trots and Paces well, about 5 Years old, her off Hoof split, Branded on her near Shoulder. Whoever shall take up said Mare, and bring her to William Dana, of said Little-Cambridge, shall have FIVE DOLLARS Reward, and all necessary Charges paid.

To be Sold by *SARAH DAWSON*,

the Widow of JOSEPH DAWSON, Gardener, lately deceased, in the Garden at the Cold Bath in Cambridge-Street, at New-Boston——A large Collection of graffed and inoculated English Fruit Trees, of all & the best Sorts, and can warrant them to produce as good Fruit as any that comes from England. Also Gooseberry and Currant Bushes; Flower Roots of all Sorts, Garden Seeds of all Sorts saved this Summer, fitting for the West Indies, dried Sweet Herbs, Garlick, Shallots, Cellery and Asparagus Roots by the Hundred; a large Number of young Apple Trees raised from the Seed suitable for Farmers. Any Person who may want any of the above Articles, and will oblige the said Widow *Dawson* with their Custom, may depend on the best of Usage. All the above will be sold cheap for Cash.

Archibald Bowman,

TAKES this Method to inform the Public, That he has just opened an Auction-Room in the Store formerly occupied by Mr. *William Scott*, North Side of the Market; at which Auction Room will be Sold on Tuesday Evening next, a Variety of Goods—Such as—

Linnens, Checks, Silk and Linnen Handkerchiefs, figured, plain and striped Lawns, Worsted Hose, Sheeting—Also, one Silver Watch, and a few Articles of Hard-Ware, &c. &c. &c.

To-Morrow Evening.

Buried in the Town of Boston since our last,

Ten Whites, One Black.

Baptiz'd in the several Churches, Four.

High Water at Boston, *for this present Week.*			
Monday, 9 *m. after*	1	*Friday*, 34 *m. after*	4
Tuesday, 2 *m. after*	2	*Saturday*, 28 *m. after*,	5
Wednesday, 49 *m. aft.*	3	*Lord's-day*, 20 *m. aft*	6
Thursday, 40 *m. aft.*	3	*Last Qr. 9 Day*, 11 *Night.*	

‖ Edmund Burke. ◊ Supposed to mean Gov. Barnard. † Hillsborough Commiss.r Majesties.—Customs. * Castle William James Murray.
§ In this Prod. there was a Paragraph, ¶ the Judgements we fear may be averted, we feel may be Removed, and others we

☞ All Persons indebted for this Paper, whose Accounts have been above Twelve Months standing, are requested to make immediate Payment.

Just Published, and Sold by J. EDWARDS, next Door to the Post-Office in Cornhill.

HEAVEN the Residence of the Saints. A SERMON occasioned by the sudden, and much lamented Death of the Reverend GEORGE WHITEFIELD, A. M. Chaplain to the Right Honorable the Countess of Huntington. Delivered at the Thursday LECTURE in Boston, October 21th, 1770.

By EBENEZER PEMBERTON, D. D.
Pastor of a Church in BOSTON.

Prime Connecticut PORK,

Pease and Beans,
TO BE SOLD BY
John Barrett & Sons,
At their Store near the Mill-Bridge.
Where may be had,

RICH English Damask—Blue, crimson and white figured Sattins; black plain ditto; crimson, scarlet, white and blue pelong ditto; and crimson, pink, blue and black figured Mode.

TO BE SOLD,
At Store No. 7, South Side Swing-Bridge,
A few Hogsheads of old Jamaica Rum,
(very good) by Joseph Turell,
Where may be had,
Good Muscovado Sugars, Coffee, Cotton,
Chocolate, &c. cheap for Cash—A commodious Stable to be Let near the Center of the Town.

TO BE SOLD BY
John Head,
At his Store on Treat's Wharf, the following Articles, in large or small Quantities, very cheap for Cash,
NAILS of the following Sizes,
4d 6d. 8d. 10d. and 20d.
A few Casks Ironmongery, sorted.
A few ditto of Pewter, sorted.
A few ditto of Brass Kettles sorted.
The above Articles are divided, and made out in different Invoices, so that they may be sold separate, or together, as may best suit the Purchaser.
ALSO TO BE SOLD,
Best Jamaica and other Sugars by the Hogshead or Barrel.
West India and New England Rum
Jamaica Spirits—French Brandy.
Pepper—Ginger—Allspice—Allum—Copperas,
Roll Brimstone—Best French Indigo,
New RAISINS—Powder and Shot,
The best Narraganset Cheese by large or small Quantity.
A few Boxes best Sperma Cæti Candles, warranted pure, English and this Country Loaf Sugar.

A very large Quantity of
Glauber and Epsom Salts, and Contra Yerva Roots,
TO BE SOLD VERY CHEAP,
(being a Consignment)
By Martin Brimmer,
Near the Head of Summer-Street.

CHoice NEWCASTLE COAL to be Sold. Enquire of PETER HUGHES, at his Store next to Capt. *Chewers's* in King-Street, where there is likewise to be Sold—English and Russia Duck, Ticklingburg, Cod and Mackrel Lines and Hooks, Sewing, Whipping and Sein Twine, Sieve Bottoms, Time Glasses of all Sorts, Boys and Mens Felt Hats, Poland and Common Starch, Long and short Pipes, Shot, Bar Lead, Whiting, Roll Brimstone, Cordage, Cables, Anchors, Junk, a few Barrels of Turpentine, and best Taunton Ale in Casks, containing about Nine Dozen.

TO BE LETT,
Rooms ready furnished.
Enquire of Edes & Gill.

For *Baltimore* in *Maryland*.
The Schooner *Polly*, *Jonathan Greely*, Master, will sail Thursday next, has good Accommodations for Passengers. For Freight or Passage, apply to *John Savage*, at his Store No. 13, on the Long-Wharf, or to the Master on Board, lying at *Hitchborn's* Wharf.

Choice FIRKIN BUTTER, to be Sold by ENOCH GREENLEAF at the South End, near the Hay-Market. Oct. 29. t. b. c. t. f.)

All Persons having Demands on the Estate of *James Gordon*, Esq; late of *Boston*, Merchant, deceased, are desired to apply to *William Gordon*, sole Administrator; and those indebted to said Estate are desired to make speedy Payment.

The House where the Deceased last dwelled to be Lett, enquire at the Premisses, or of Mr. *John Moffat*.

The Meeting of the Proprietors of Lands in the Province of Maine, holding under Brid-et Phillips, late of Boston, Widow, stands Adjourn'd till Wednesday next, Six o'Clock, P. M. at the Vernon-Head in Boston.

Joshua Gardner,

HAS to sell at his Shop in Cornhill, near the Post-Office;
Scarlet, green and crimson Drapery and Colchester Baize, Ravens Duck, Osnabrigs, red and blue Shagg Duffles, rich crimson sprig'd Sattin, plain black and figur'd sattins, plain crimson and scarlet Sattin, blue, pink, white & black Capuchine Silks, black Alamode, dark Lutestring, black ditto, black Taffity, silk and linnen Handkerchiefs, black Cravats, black Mode for Cravats, plain & flower'd Lawns, sattin Hatts, chip ditto, black Bone Lace, white Cap Lace, Men's and Women's Gloves, Ribbons, Scotch and Wax Threads, Holland and Diaper Tapes, Necklaces of several sorts, Clouting Diaper, strip'd Hollands, Callicoes, Cotton Gowns, Buttons, Twist, sewing Silk, Knee Garters, Buckrams, plain and flower'd Gauze, Cotton Velvet, Damascus, and Ginghams, with sundry other Articles, which will be sold very low for Cash.

Choice *Lisbon* LEMONS, by the Box or single Hundred, to be Sold by DANIEL AGER, Silk-Dyar, at his House in Wing's-Lane.

Manufactured and sold at the lowest prices, by BLACK and GEMMIL, Tobacconists from Glasgow, at the Head of Bradford's Wharf, a little to the Southward of Hancock's Wharf, North-End, BOSTON; Tobacco and Snuff after all the different Methods here or in Great Britain, viz. Snuffs, Plain, Rappee, and Graden, great Roll, Pigtail, small Pigtail, made in Pricks or Plats, and Twist Shag, Saffron, Tea, and common Cuts, &c. &c.

N. B. Commissions from Town or Country will be carefully answered. tbctf.

Taken out of a House in Sudbury Street, Friday Evening the 26th Instant, two Silver Porringers, mark'd M. O. several Gold Rings, Money, &c. Whoever will discover the Thief, so that he may be convicted, and the Articles recovered, shall be well rewarded: It is desired that if the Porringers should be offered to Sale, they may be stopped, and Notice given to Edes and Gill. Octob. 27, 1770.

TO BE LETT,
A convenient End of a House.
Likewise another pleasant Chamber over the other End of the House, with a good Cellar, choice Well of Water, and a good pav'd Yard, which Building stands pleasantly situated at the South End, near Liberty Tree, in the Street or Lane leading to the Common. Enquire of the Printers, or of David Collson.

DRIFTED from Castle-William, a small Boat 12 Feet long, 4 Feet 2 Inches wide, 3 Thorps, ring Bolt Head and Stern, mark'd on the Stern E. Grant, painted red: Any Person taking up said Boat, and delivering of her to Capt. Gifford or Ensign Dermple at Castle-William, or Edward Grant of Boston, or Andrew Tuxbury of Pulling-Point, shall receive Four Dollars Reward for taking of her up.

Two Dollars Reward.

RAN away from his Master the 30th of September last, a Negro Man named BOSTON; he is a short stout-limb'd well-set Fellow, of about 28 Years old, his Wool grows pretty low down his Forehead, thin Lips, with a good Set of Teeth which seldom opens at speaking; he has a remarkable hard hand; he has been lately seen at the North End, and by the Assistance of his Acquaintance has shifted his Cloaths, except a blue and white striped under Waistcoat, and a Pair large Brass Buckles. If he has got over any of the Ferries, 'tis hoped this Advertisement has sufficiently described him, that he may be taken in any of the Country Towns, but 'tis suppos'd he is endeavouring to get off in some Vessel, as he has made an Attempt of that Kind once before: Therefore this serves to caution all Masters of Vessels and others, to be careful how they employ, harbour or conceal the above Fellow, as they would avoid the Penalty of the Law in that Case provided. Whoever will bring the above Fellow to the Printers hereof, are intitled to the above Reward.

Caleb Blanchard
Will Embark for ENGLAND, in about ten Days:
THEREFORE it is necessary that those who are Indebted to him, make immediate Pay, or their Accounts, Notes, &c. must be left with an Attorney.
Boston, October 18, 1770.

Samuel Eliot
At his Shop near the Head of Dock-Square, just above the Market, SELLS,
Drapery and Colchester Bayes,
Pistol Powder, Ticklinburg, Ravens Duck, Wool and Cotton Cards, with a few Articles imported two Years ago, at the very lowest Rates.

To be sold very reasonably,
A double Deck Brigantine, with her Masts standing, about 140 Tons Burthen, 8 Years old, now laying at Queen Wharff at Newbury Port. For further Particulars, inquire of Edes & Gill, Printers in Boston, or of Jonathan Bradbury, of Newbury-Port.

Esther Harrison,

At her Shop at the South End of *Boston*, and next Door to Mr. *Harris* the Baker, is selling off the Remainder of her Shop Goods cheap for Cash.
Among which are the following Articles,
YARD-wide and ¾ Irish Linnen, Russia Sheeting, Cambrick and Lawn, flower'd Scots & Long Lawn, stript Cotton and Cotton Check, stript Holland, Barcelona Romal and other Silk and Linnen Handkerchiefs, black and blue Capuchin Silk, black Sattin, stript and changeable Lutestrings and Mantua Silks, black Taffaties, stript blue and cloth-colour Persian Taffaties, Bonos and Silk Mitts, an Assortment of Callicoes and printed Cottons, dark and light Chinces, and India Patches.

Just open'd and, to be sold, by
Archbald Cunningham,
At his Shop in Fore-Street, near the Draw-Bridge,
A fresh Assortment of Spices,
viz. Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, by the large or small Quantity, Florence Oil by the Chest or single Flask, choice Currants by the Hundred or Dozen, Citron by the Box or single Pound, Pepper, Allspice, Indigo, Starch, Ginger, Rice, Salt Petre, Oatmeal, Redwood, Logwood, Allum, Copperas, Brimstone, Coffee, Cotton Wool, Chocolate, Brown and Loaf Sugar, the true genuine Kippen's Snuff by the Cask or lesser Quantity, choice Scotch Pigtail Tobacco by the Hundred or single Pound, Durham Mustard in Pound and half Pound Bottles, Capers, Olives, Barcelona Handkerchiefs by the large or small Quantity.
A genteel Assortment of Cream colour'd Delph, Stone and Glass Ware, a few Boxes of sorted Glass by the Box.
N. B. A small Quantity of Pins, No. 4.

John Maud, *Taylor*,

Takes this Method to acquaint his Customers & the Public, That he has moved to Mr. *Brown's*, Watchmaker, in King-Street, where he continues to carry on the Taylor's Business agreable to his last Advertisement, that is, he will take back any Cloaths that may happen not to fit, and engages to suit those Gentlemen that may favour him with their Custom as well as they can be suited in Town; and all Favours will be gratefully acknowledged.

TO BE SOLD BY
Abigail Davidson,
About the Middle of Seven-Star Lane, Boston, (this Fall or next Spring) a large Collection of the best Sorts of young grafted and innoculated English Fruit Trees, grafted and innoculated by *William Davidson*, deceased,——as
CHERRIES, Pears, Peaches, Plumbs, Apricots, Nectarines, Apples, Quinces, Lime Trees, English Elm Trees, Grape Vines of Sorts, red and white Dutch Currant Bushes, English Goosbury Bushes of all Sorts, Asparagus Plants of the large early Sort. And all Sorts of Garden Seeds raised here, which is more suitable for the West-Indies than any imported. Also, Garlick and Horse-Radish, and all Sorts of dried Sweet Herbs.
N. B. The above Trees, Bushes, Seeds, &c. are to be Sold one third Part cheaper than they can be purchased at any Place in Boston.

WHEREAS the Great and General Court or Assembly of this province, at their sessions in March 1765, laid a tax of three half-pence per acre, for three years annually, from the 25 of January 1764, on all the lands in the town of Ashburnham, in the county of Worcester, except Cambridge-Farm, and the public Rights: And whereas said tax has been duly assessed and published, and notwithstanding, a considerable part of said tax remains unpaid:
THESE are therefore to notify all persons that were owners of lands in said town at that time, that have not paid said tax, that so much of their lands will be sold at a Public Vendue, as shall be sufficient to pay the above said tax, and all necessary and intervening charges, on the 15th day of January next 1771, at Ten o'clock in the morning, at the dwelling-house of Moses Foster, inholder in said town; and said sale to be continued by adjournments from day to day, if need be, until the whole be compleated, unless prevented by payment before the time of said sale.

Dated, Ashburnham, Sept. 24, 1770. Samuel Wilder, William Whitcomb, Nathan Melven, } Assessors.

Stolen or stray'd out of the Pasture of me the Subscriber, on the 7th of this Instant, a red Roan Horse Gelding, with a black Mein and Tail, about 14 Hands high, about 9 Years old, branded on the near Shoulder with a Figure 8. Whoever will take up said Horse and Thief, and bring them to me at Haverhill, shall have Eight Dollars Reward. For the Horse only three Dollars, and all necessary Charges paid.
Haverhill, Oct. 10, 2770. JAMES DUNCAN.

Easlown, October 19 1770.
THIS is to forewarn all Persons from crediting *Susanna* the Wife of the Subscriber—For I hereby declare I will not pay *One Farthing* of any Debt she contracts from the above Date. *As witness my Hand*,
THOMAS WILLIS, jun.

Boston, Printed by EDES & GILL, *in Queen-Street*, 1770.